Lafferty Equipment Manufacturing, LLC
Installation & Operation Instructions

Model # 989106 · 60/10 High Flow Level Master™ System

REQUIREMENTS

Chemical Concentrate

Water

Temperature	up to 160°F
Pressure	35 to 125 PSI
Flow	10.6 GPM @ 40 PSI
Supply Line	3/4"
Hose	1" ID x 15'
Compressed Air	Up to 80 PSI

See Separate Instructions for:

Level Master™ (Single Float)	989303

OPTIONS

For Stronger Ratios or Viscous Chemicals

1/2" Chemical Pick-up Assembly (Viton)	# 491404-A
1/2" Chemical Pick-up Assembly (EPDM)	# 491403-A

Drum & Tote Stick Lengths & Seal Materials

Drum Stick, 33" (Viton or EPDM)	# 491643 / 491643-E
Drum Stick, 48" (Viton or EPDM)	# 491648 / 491648-E
Drum Stick, 54" (Viton or EPDM)	# 491645 / 491645-E
Tote Stick, 33" (Viton or EPDM)	# 491653 / 491653-E
Tote Stick, 48" (Viton or EPDM)	# 491654 / 491654-E
Tote Stick, 54" (Viton or EPDM)	# 491656 / 491656-E

Stainless Steel Central Pump System

1" AODD Pump (Santoprene)	# 919060SS
Teflon Upgrade	# 710943

Alternate Chemical Check Valve - Viton Standard

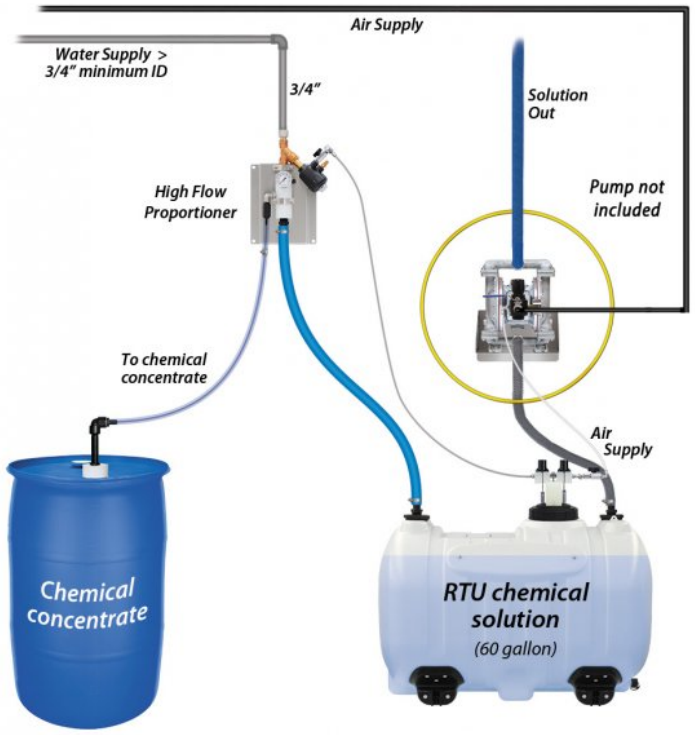
Check Valve, Chemical, PP(W), 1/4" (EPDM)	# 491401

WEIGHT & DIMENSIONS

Single Package

Shipping Weight	75 lbs.
Shipping Dimensions	48" x 40" x 40"

Ships on a pallet



Lafferty EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURING LLC

CFS TECHNOLOGIES

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501-851-2820

WARNING! READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING EQUIPMENT!

OVERVIEW

The 60/10 High Flow Level Master™ is a water driven chemical proportioner that will automatically refill the 60 gallon tank with ready-to-use chemical solution. When the solution in the tank drops below a pre-set level, the float valve triggers an air-activated solenoid to start the water flow. Using city water pressure (35 - 125 PSI), this venturi injection system draws and blends chemical concentrate into the 10.6 GPM @ 40 PSI water stream to create an accurately diluted solution. The system cycles continuously and a secondary fail-safe float prevents overfilling.

SAFETY & OPERATIONAL PRECAUTIONS

- **When connecting to a potable water supply follow all local codes for backflow prevention.**
- For proper performance do NOT modify, substitute nozzle, hose diameter or length.
- Manufacturer assumes no liability for the use or misuse of this unit.
- Wear protective clothing, gloves and eye wear when working with chemicals.
- Always direct the discharge away from people and electrical devices.
- Follow the chemical manufacturer's safe handling instructions.
- NEVER mix chemicals without first consulting chemical manufacturer.

TO INSTALL (REFER TO DIAGRAM ON NEXT PAGE)

Backflow prevention: Follow all local codes for preventing backflow into the water supply before installing / operating equipment.

1. Position Air Level Master Tank on a **level surface.**
2. Carefully unpack the Air Level Master lid / float assembly and thread on to tank opening. Ensure that the float(s) are hanging freely.
3. Mount the High Flow Satellite Mixing Station unit(s) to a suitable surface above the chemical supply to prevent siphoning.
4. Connect the discharge hose(s) as shown in the diagram.
5. Flush any new plumbing of debris before connecting water. If water piping is older, or has known contaminants, install a water filter.
6. Connect the water supply to the Mixing Station unit(s).
7. Push lock 5/32 poly-flow tubing to the tube lock fitting on the Level Master and to the wall mount Mixing Station solenoid(s)
8. Connect a clean, dry compressed air supply to the Level Master unit.
9. Connect the tank discharge hose barb to a pump or other dispensing mechanism using a suction tube.

Set the chemical dilution ratio by threading one of the color coded metering tips into each chemical check valve. See chemical labels for dilution ratio recommendation or consult your chemical supplier.

- For the strongest dilution ratio do NOT install a colored metering tip.
- The dilution ratios in the metering tip chart are based on water thin chemicals with a viscosity of 1CPS.
- Thicker chemicals will require a larger tip than the ratios shown in the chart.
- Application results will ultimately determine final tip color.
- Select the tip color that is closest to your desired chemical strength and thread it into the tip holder. **DO NOT OVER-TIGHTEN.**
- Push the chemical tube over the check valve barb and place the suction tube in the chemical concentrate.
- If necessary, cut suction tube(s) to length before attaching suction strainer.

TO OPERATE

1. With the Level Master assembly securely attached to an empty tank, push down on the secondary safety float valve wire hanger (see diagram) so that it sticks in the "down" position. Gravity will cause the primary float valve to automatically sit in the "down" position. Both float valves are now open.
2. Completely open the air inlet ball valve to activate the Satellite Mixing Station(s) and begin filling the tank with diluted solution.
3. When the solution in the tank reaches the fill level, the primary float will rise and shut off the air flow to the Satellite Mixing Station. This will cause the solenoid on the water inlet to close and deactivate the Satellite Mixing Station.

NOTE: The fill level and fail-safe shutoff level are pre-determined by the length of the "push rods" attached to the floats, which are intended to be used as provided. If necessary, floats can be lowered 1/2" by partially unscrewing them from the push rods.

4. System is now ready for use and will maintain the solution level until the inlet ball valve is manually closed.
5. Make final metering tip adjustments to the Satellite Mixing Station(s) based on application results.

Secondary Fail-Safe Valve Reset Procedure

- If the solution level in the tank rises above the normal fill level the secondary fail-safe float will rise and cause the secondary fail-safe float valve to close.
- This will shut-off the air supply to the Satellite Mixing Station water solenoid and deactivate the system to prevent overflow.
- The system will not operate until the secondary float valve is manually reset by pushing down on the float valve wire hanger (per operating instructions step 1, above).
- If the secondary fail-safe valve is triggered, refer to the Troubleshooting Guide to determine the cause before continuing operation.

METERING TIP SELECTION

METERING TIP COLOR	OZ/MIN	DILUTION RATIO @ 40 PSI
Brown	0.56	2423:1
Clear	0.88	1542:1
Bright Purple	1.38	983:1
White	2.15	631:1
Pink	2.93	463:1
Corn Yellow	3.84	353:1
Dark Green	4.88	278:1
Orange	5.77	235:1
Gray	6.01	226:1
Light Green	7.01	194:1
Med. Green	8.06	168:1
Clear Pink	9.43	144:1
Yellow Green	11.50	118:1
Burgundy	11.93	114:1
Pale Pink	13.87	98:1
Light Blue	15.14	90:1
Dark Purple	17.88	76:1
Navy Blue	25.36	54:1
Clear Aqua	28.60	47:1
Black	50.00	27:1
No Tip Ratio Up To:		9.8:1

The dilution ratios above are approximate values. Due to chemical viscosity, actual dilution ratios may vary.

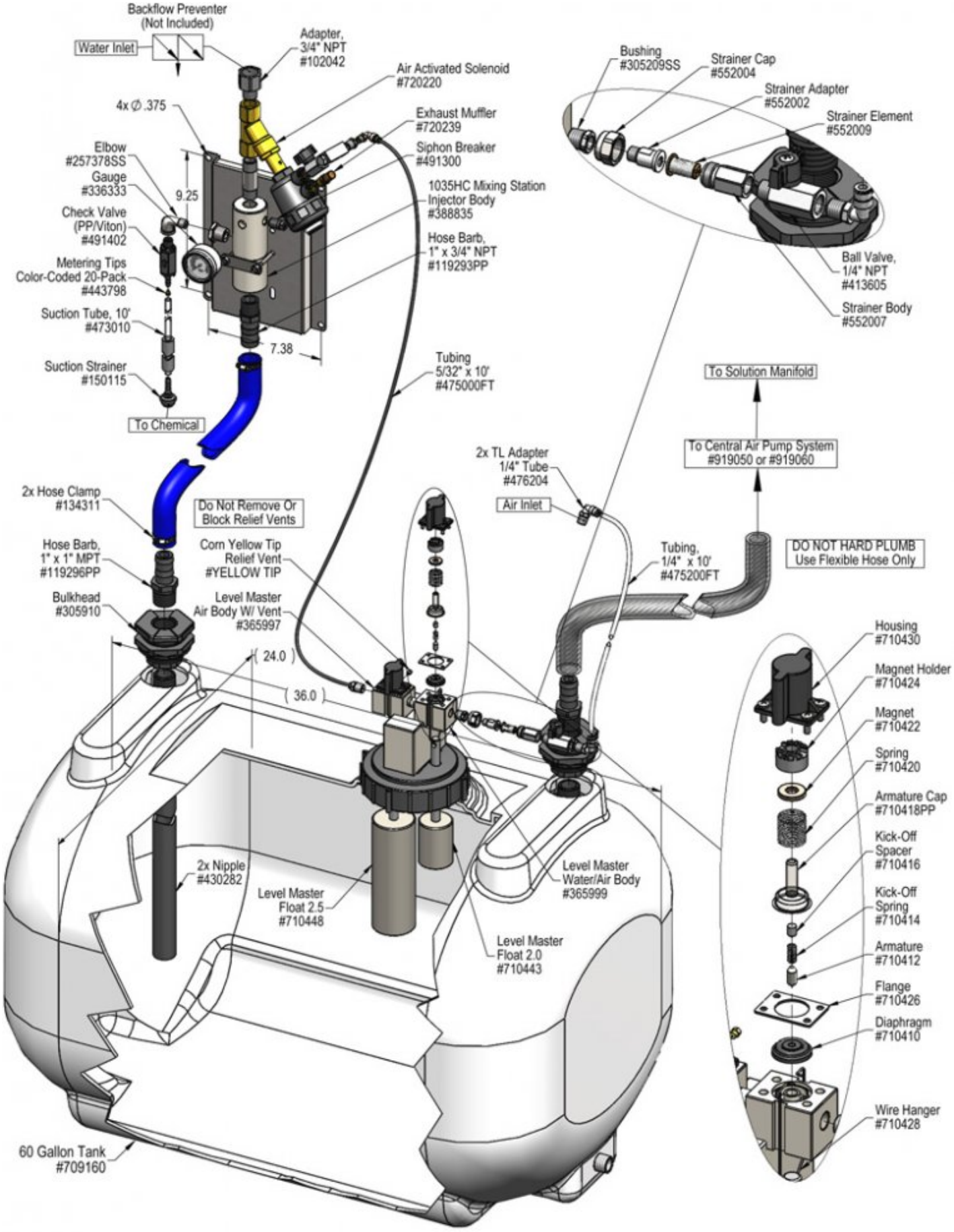
FORMULA

GPM × 128 ÷ Desired Dilution Ratio = oz/min

- *See Unit Flow Rates chart for GPM*
- *Use 20 for 20:1 dilution ratio, 30 for 30:1, etc.*
- *Match calculated ounces per minute (oz/min) to nearest oz/min in Metering Tip Selection chart.*

UNIT FLOW RATES

PSI	GPM
35	9.92
40	10.60
50	11.85
60	12.98
70	14.02
80	14.99
90	15.90
100	16.76
110	17.58
120	18.36
125	18.74


Backflow Preventer
(Not Included)
Water Inlet
Adapter,
3/4" NPT
#102042
Air Activated Solenoid
#720220
4x Ø .375
Exhaust Muffler
#720239
Siphon Breaker
#491300
Elbow
#257378SS
Gauge
#336333
9.25
1035HC Mixing Station
Injector Body
#388835
Check Valve
(PP/Viton)
#491402
Hose Barb,
1" x 3/4" NPT
#119293PP
Metering Tips
Color-Coded 20-Pack
#443798
Suction Tube, 10'
#473010
7.38
Tubing
5/32" x 10'
#475000FT
Suction Strainer
#150115
To Chemical
Bushing
#305209SS
Strainer Cap
#552004
Strainer Adapter
#552002
Strainer Element
#552009
Ball Valve,
1/4" NPT
#413605
Strainer Body
#552007
To Solution Manifold
To Central Air Pump System
#919050 or #919060
2x TL Adapter
1/4" Tube
#476204
Air Inlet
2x Hose Clamp
#134311
Do Not Remove Or
Block Relief Vents
Tubing,
1/4" x 10'
#475200FT
DO NOT HARD PLUMB
Use Flexible Hose Only
Hose Barb,
1" x 1" MPT
#119296PP
Corn Yellow Tip
Relief Vent
#YELLOW TIP
Bulkhead
#305910
Level Master
Air Body W/ Vent
#365997
24.0
36.0
Housing
#710430
Magnet Holder
#710424
Magnet
#710422
Spring
#710420
Armature Cap
#710418PP
Kick-Off
Spacer
#710416
Kick-Off
Spring
#710414
Armature
#710412
Flange
#710426
Diaphragm
#710410
Wire Hanger
#710428
2x Nipple
#430282
Level Master
Float 2.5
#710448
Level Master
Water/Air Body
#365999
Level Master
Float 2.0
#710443
60 Gallon Tank
#709160

Troubleshooting Guide

Problem	Possible Cause / Solution	
	Startup	Maintenance
A) Mixing station will not draw chemical.	1, 4, 5	9, 10, 11, 12, 16, 17
B) Dilution too strong.	2	
C) Dilution too weak.	3, 4, 5	9, 10, 11, 12, 16, 17
D) Primary float will not activate (does not fill)	7, 9	13, 14, 15, 18
E) Primary float valve will not turn off (overfills or triggers secondary fail-safe float valve on double-float models)	6, 7, 8	13, 14, 15, 18
NOTE: This guide is for Air Level Masters used with High Flow Satellite Mixing Stations		

Possible Cause / Solution

Startup

1. **Air inlet ball valve not completely open**
   - Completely open air inlet ball valve.
2. **Metering tip too large or no tip installed**
   - Install smaller metering tip.
3. **Not enough chemical**
   - Install a larger metering tip.
4. **Chemical tube not immersed in chemical or chemical depleted.**
   - Immerse tube or replenish.
5. **Water pressure too low or water temperature too high**
   - Mixing station requires 25 PSI water pressure, see requirements.
6. **Air pressure to Level Master too high**
   - Install an air pressure regulator in-line before the Level Master if air pressure exceeds 80 PSI.
7. **Level Master body is not level**
   - Install the Level Master on an even surface where the body (injector) is level to the horizon. Ensure that the Level Master will not become unbalanced as it fills.
8. **Secondary fail-safe float has been triggered *(double-float models only)***
   - Manually reset the secondary fail-safe float valve (refer to operation instructions)
   - Inspect the primary float assembly before resetting the secondary float valve. If necessary, troubleshoot the primary float assembly.

Float hanger seated correctly

Maintenance

9. **Chemical strainer or metering tip blocked**
   - Clean or replace chemical strainer and/or metering tip.
10. **Chemical tube stretched where tube slides over metering tip holder or pin hole/cut in tube (sucking air)**
    - Cut off end of tube or replace tube.
11. **Vacuum leak in chemical pick-up connections**
    - Tighten the connection.
12. **Water strainer screen clogged**
    - Clean the water strainer screen.
13. **Physical blockage or interference is preventing the float from rising or falling**
    - Ensure that the tank is on a level surface.
    - Ensure that the float, push rods, and metal clips are hanging freely without any interference.
    - Do not modify the float assemblies.
14. **Float valve parts are dirty or defective**
    - Clean or replace the affected parts (may require careful disassembly, refer to parts diagram).
    - Ensure that all parts are free of rust, grease, etc.
    - Depending on the chemical and on-site variables, regular cleaning and/or replacement may be required.
15. **Float valve diaphragm stretched out or damaged**
    - Replace the float valve diaphragm.
16. **Chemical build-up or scale may have formed in the injector body causing poor or no chemical pick-up**
    - Follow Preventive Maintenance instructions below, using hot water and/or descaling acid. When there is no draw at all, carefully remove fittings and soak entire body in descaling acid.
17. **Water solenoid failed or air is turned off**
    - Replace solenoid
    - Ensure air inlet ball valve is completely open
18. **Upward force has unclipped hanger from magnet holder**
    - *Carefully* remove float housing and align wire hanger to grooves in magnet holder.
    - Pull down on wire hanger until you hear a sharp 'click' after the normal activation sound.
    - Wire hanger must be *fully* seated in magnet holder grooves, as shown on LEFT.

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE: When the unit will be out of service for extended periods, place chemical tube(s) in water and flush the chemical out of the unit to help prevent chemical from drying out and causing build-up. Periodically check and clean chemical strainer and replace if missing.