Lafferty Equipment Manufacturing, Inc. Installation & Operation Instructions

Model # 941307 · Liberty LC Foamer

REQUIREMENTS	
Chemical Concentrate Static Tank of Water	
Compressed Air	up to 6 CFM
Hose	3/4" ID x 40'

Nozzle	50250
OPTIONS	
Stainless Steel Hose Racks	
Large Stainless Steel Hose Rad	ck # 22415
Stainless Steel Jug Racks Av	ailable
Safe Flow Lid™ for 1 Gallon J	lugs
Lid, Suction Tube, and Strainer	# 70910
Drum & Tote Sticks Available	
Alternate Check Valve - EPDN	1 Standard
Check Valve, Chemical, PP/Vito	on, 1/4" # 49131





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OVERVIEW

The Liberty LC Foamer is a medium volume venturi foam applicator designed for facilities with low or fluctuating water pressure. It projects foaming chemicals on to any surface up close or at distances up to 10 feet. This unit features a stainless steel enclosure and uses a cost-effective Flojet air-operated, double-diaphragm pump to draw water from a static tank and provide the pressure for the venturi "LC Foamer". The LC Foamer body draws and blends chemical concentrate into the water stream to create an accurately diluted solution. Compressed air is injected into the solution to greatly increase volume and coverage ability and rich, clinging foam is projected through the hose, wand, and fan nozzle.

SAFETY & OPERATIONAL PRECAUTIONS

- For proper performance do NOT modify, substitute nozzle, hose diameter or length
- Manufacturer assumes no liability for the use or misuse of this unit.
- Wear protective clothing, gloves and eye-wear when working with chemicals.
- Always direct the discharge away from people and electrical devices.
- Follow the chemical manufacturer's safe handling instructions.
- DO NOT use d-Limonene or other chemicals that are not compatible with the Santoprene diaphragms.
- Viton upgrade is available.

TO INSTALL (REFER TO DIAGRAM ON NEXT PAGE)

- 1. Mount the unit above chemical and water containers to prevent siphoning.
- 2. Securely attach the larger clear suction tube to the pump and place the strainer in a static container of water.
- 3. DO NOT attach to a PRESSURIZED water source.
- 4. Attach a compressed airline to the inlet ball valve. DO NOT TURN ON

Set the chemical dilution ratio by threading one of the color coded metering tips into each chemical check valve. See chemical labels for dilution ratio recommendation or consult your chemical supplier.

- For the strongest dilution ratio do NOT install a colored metering tip.
- The dilution ratios in the metering tip chart are based on water thin chemicals with a viscosity of 1CPS.
- Thicker chemicals will require a larger tip than the ratios shown in the chart.
- · Application results will ultimately determine final tip color.
- Select the tip color that is closest to your desired chemical strength and thread it into the tip holder. DO NOT OVER-TIGHTEN.
- Push the chemical tube over the check valve barb and place the suction tube in the chemical concentrate.
- If necessary, cut suction tube(s) to length before attaching suction strainer.

TO OPERATE

- Always make sure the discharge ball valve is closed or pointed in a safe direction before turning the air
 on. Ball valve can be shut off at any time during operation but should not be left unattended for long
 periods of time. Expect a strong blast when re-opening ball valve.
- The unit has been tested and is ready to operate. The pump air pressure regulator is preset and locked at 90 PSI. This is the optimum pump pressure. Test "as is" before making any foam consistency adjustments.
- 1. Final dilution ratios and air adjustments will now have to be made.
- The foam consistency knob is pre-set. IF adjustments are needed turn the foam consistency needle valve counterclockwise for drier foam and clockwise for wetter foam. Make only small turns and wait several seconds after each adjustment to see the results.
 - Too much foam consistency air can cause: the pump to stall; the hose to buck and jump; poor foam; the
 venturi to fail.
 - o Medium-wet foam will give the best results! Dry foam will NOT clean as well!
- 3. With wand in hand direct the discharge in a safe direction, open the discharge ball valve.
- 4. Open the air ball valve.
- 5. Wait several seconds for pump to prime and the foamer to draw the chemical.
- You may have to try different sized metering tips and air settings until foam consistency and cleaning results are acceptable. Once this is set you are ready to start application.
- 7. When foaming is complete, close the discharge ball valve. Return to the unit and close the air ball valve. Briefly re-open the discharge ball valve to relieve pressure in the hose.
- 8. Rinse the work surface before the foam dries.

METERING TIP SELECTION				
METERING TIP COLOR	OZ/MIN	DILUTION RATIO @ 80 PSI		
Brown	0.56	434:1		
Clear	0.88	276:1		
Bright Purple	1.38	176:1		
White	2.15	113:1		
Pink	2.93	83:1		
Corn Yellow	3.84	63:1		
Dark Green	4.88	50:1		
Orange	5.77	42:1		
Gray	6.01	40:1		
Light Green	7.01	35:1		
Med. Green	8.06	30:1		
Clear Pink	9.43	26:1		
Yellow Green	11.50	21:1		
Burgundy	11.93	20:1		
Pale Pink	13.87	18:1		
Light Blue	15.14	16:1		
Dark Purple	17.88	14:1		
Navy Blue	25.36	10:1		
Clear Aqua	28.60	9:1		
Black	50.00	_		
No Tip Ratio Up To: 6:1				
The dilution ratios above are approximate values. Due to				

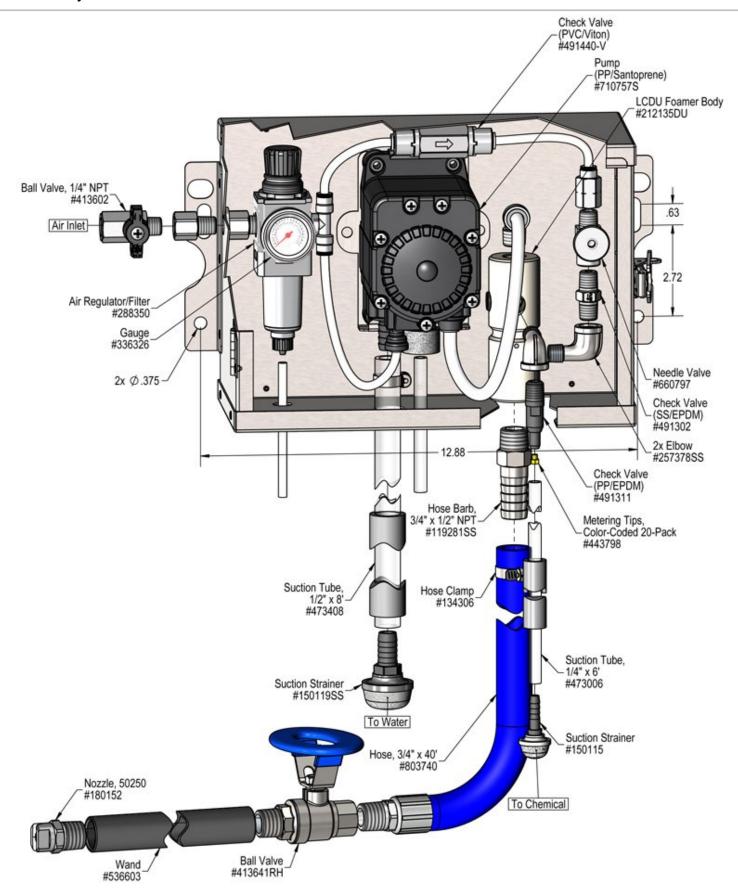
The dilution ratios above are approximate values. Due to chemical viscosity, actual dilution ratios may vary.

FORMULA

GPM × 128 ÷ Desired Dilution Ratio = oz/min

- See Unit Flow Rates chart for GPM
- Use 20 for 20:1 dilution ratio, 30 for 30:1, etc.
- Match calculated ounces per minute (oz/min) to nearest oz/min in Metering Tip Selection chart.

UNIT FLOW RATES		
PSI	GРM	
80	1.90	



Troubleshooting Guide

Problem	Possible Cause / Solution		
	Startup	Maintenance	
A) Air pump will not prime or runs with no output.	1, 2, 3, 4	8, 9, 11, 12, 13	
B) Will not draw chemical.	1, 2, 3, 4	8, 11, 12	
C) Foam surges and / or hose "bucks".	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	8, 9,10, 11	
D) Foam output too wet.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	8, 11, 12	
E) Foam output too dry.	2		
F) Cleaning results not acceptable.	5, 6, 7		

Possible Cause / Solution			
Startup	Maintenance		
 6. Improper chemical Ensure product is recommended for foaming and/or the application. 7. Soil has hardened on surface Always rinse foam before it dries 			

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE: When the unit will be out of service for extended periods, place chemical tube(s) in water and flush the chemical out of the unit to help prevent chemical from drying out and causing build-up. Periodically check and clean chemical strainer and replace if missing.

