

Lafferty Equipment Manufacturing, LLC Installation & Operation Instructions

Model # 985830 · 517 Trigger Gun Mixing Station

REQUIREMENTS

Chemical Concentrate

Water	
Temperature	up to 160°F
Pressure	35 to 100 PSI
Flow	5 GPM @ 40 PSI
Supply Line	3/4"
Hose	3/4" ID x 15'
Nozzle	Trigger Gun

OPTIONS

Stainless Steel Hose Racks

Small Stainless Steel Hose Rack # 224145

Stainless Steel Jug Racks

Jug Rack, SS, 1 Gallon, Round/Square # 224200

Jug Rack, SS, 2 1/2 Gallon # 224210

Jug Rack, SS, 5 Gallon, Round/Square # 224215

Alternate Check Valve - Viton Standard

Check Valve, Chemical, PP, 1/2" HB (EPDM) # 491403

For Stronger Ratios or Viscous Chemicals

1/2" Chemical Pick-up Assembly (Viton) # 491404-A

1/2" Chemical Pick-up Assembly (EPDM) # 491403-A



Lafferty
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**WARNING! READ ALL
INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE
USING EQUIPMENT!**



OVERVIEW

The 517 Trigger Gun Mixing Station is a 5 GPM @ 40 PSI chemical proportioner for accurately diluting a chemical concentrate and filling containers with ready-to-use chemical solution. This venturi injection system uses standard city water pressure (35 - 100 PSI) to draw and blend chemical concentrate into the water stream. Trigger gun activation allows for hands-on controlled filling and automatic shutoff.

SAFETY & OPERATIONAL PRECAUTIONS

- When connecting to a potable water supply follow all local codes for backflow prevention.
- **WARNING: Severe damage to your facility, or contamination of your potable water supply, can occur without proper backflow prevention.**
- For proper performance do NOT modify, substitute nozzle, hose diameter or length.
- Manufacturer assumes no liability for the use or misuse of this unit.
- Wear protective clothing, gloves and safety goggles when working with chemicals.
- Always direct the discharge away from people and electrical devices.
- For pressures over 100 PSI, remove the discharge valve or lower pressure.
- Never leave inlet ball valves on when unit is not in use.
- Follow the chemical manufacturer's safe handling instructions.
- NEVER mix chemicals without first consulting chemical manufacturer.

TO INSTALL (REFER TO DIAGRAM ON NEXT PAGE)

If you are connecting to a potable water supply follow all local codes for backflow prevention.

1. Mount the unit to a suitable surface above the chemical supply to prevent siphoning.
2. Connect hose(s) as shown in the diagram.
3. Flush any new plumbing of debris before connecting water.
4. Connect water supply. Install a water filter if water piping is older or has known contaminants.

Set the chemical dilution ratio by threading one of the color coded metering tips into each chemical check valve. See chemical labels for dilution ratio recommendation or consult your chemical supplier.

- For the strongest dilution ratio do NOT install a colored metering tip.
- The dilution ratios in the metering tip chart are based on water thin chemicals with a viscosity of 1CPS.
- Thicker chemicals will require a larger tip than the ratios shown in the chart.
- Application results will ultimately determine final tip color.
- Select the tip color that is closest to your desired chemical strength and thread it into the tip holder. **DO NOT OVER-TIGHTEN.**
- Push the chemical tube over the check valve barb and place the suction tube in the chemical concentrate.
- If necessary, cut suction tube(s) to length before attaching suction strainer.

TO OPERATE

Always make sure the discharge is pointed in a safe direction before turning inlet valve on. Trigger can be released at any time during operation but should not be left unattended for long periods of time without closing inlet ball valve.

1. Hold the trigger gun, open the inlet ball valve, place the nozzle in the container to be filled. Pull the trigger and begin.
2. When container is filled to the desired level, release the trigger. Close the inlet ball valve and pull the trigger to relieve pressure in the hose.
3. Make final metering tip adjustments based on application results. Try the next larger or smaller sized metering tip until the results are acceptable.

METERING TIP SELECTION

METERING TIP COLOR	OZ/MIN	DILUTION RATIO @ 40 PSI
Brown	0.56	1143:1
Clear	0.88	727:1
Bright Purple	1.38	464:1
White	2.15	298:1
Pink	2.93	218:1
Corn Yellow	3.84	167:1
Dark Green	4.88	131:1
Orange	5.77	111:1
Gray	6.01	106:1
Light Green	7.01	91:1
Med. Green	8.06	79:1
Clear Pink	9.43	68:1
Yellow Green	11.50	56:1
Burgundy	11.93	54:1
Pale Pink	13.87	46:1
Light Blue	15.14	42:1
Dark Purple	17.88	36:1
Navy Blue	25.36	25:1
Clear Aqua	28.60	22:1
Black	50.00	13:1
No Tip Ratio Up To:		11:1

The dilution ratios above are approximate values. Due to chemical viscosity, actual dilution ratios may vary.

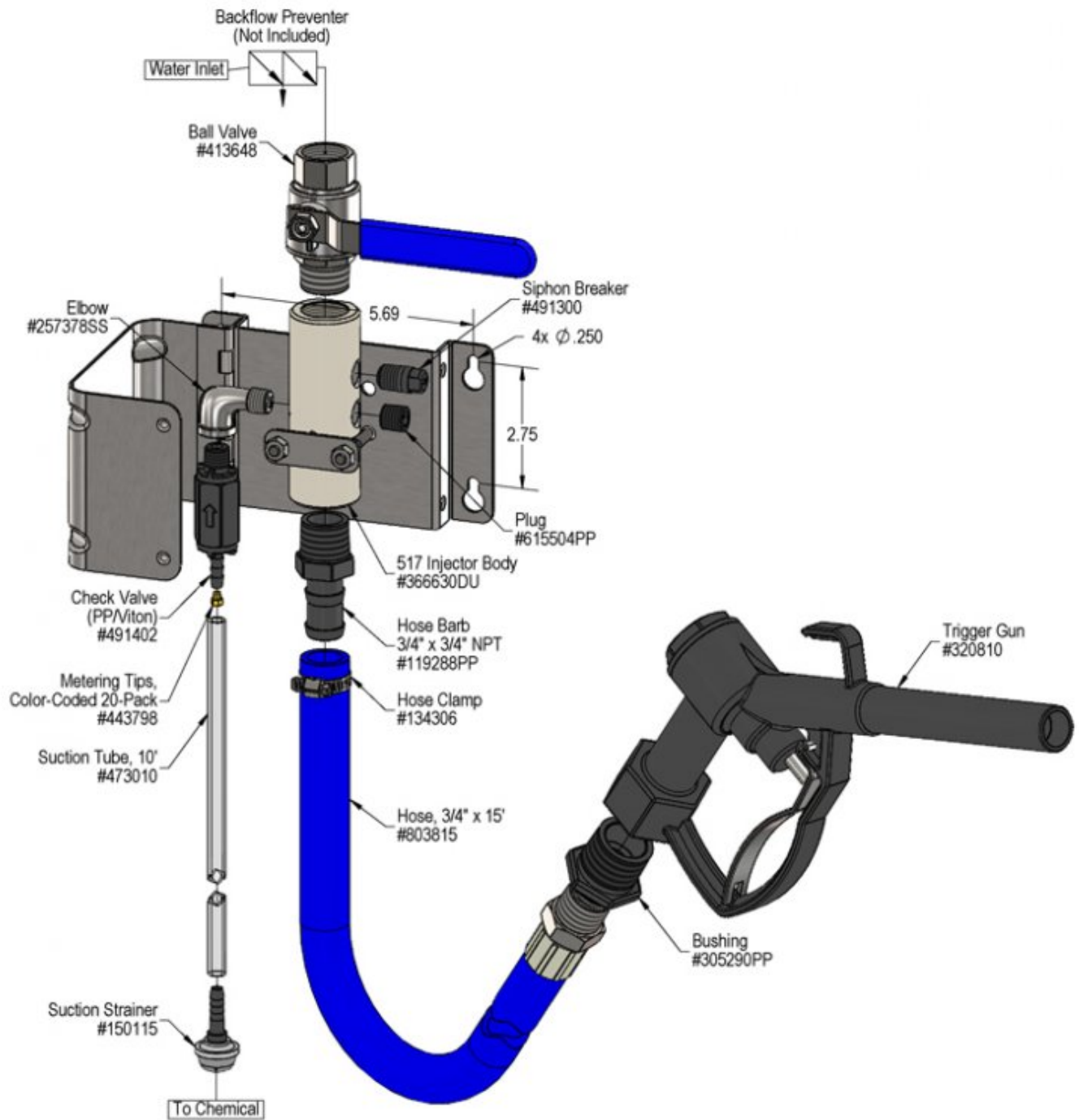
FORMULA

GPM × 128 ÷ Desired Dilution Ratio = oz/min

- See Unit Flow Rates chart for GPM
- Use 20 for 20:1 dilution ratio, 30 for 30:1, etc.
- Match calculated ounces per minute (oz/min) to nearest oz/min in Metering Tip Selection chart.

UNIT FLOW RATES

PSI	GPM
35	4.68
40	5.00
50	5.59
60	6.12
70	6.61
80	7.07
90	7.50
100	7.91



Troubleshooting Guide

Problem	Possible Cause / Solution	
	Startup	Maintenance
A) Unit will not draw chemical.	1, 2, 3, 6	7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12
B) Dilution too weak.	4	11
C) Dilution too strong	5	
D) Water backing up into chemical container.		8

Possible Cause / Solution	
Startup	Maintenance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Water pressure or volume too low <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ 35 PSI water pressure minimum see requirements. 2. Inlet or chemical ball valve not completely open <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Completely open the ball valves. 3. Chemical tube not immersed in chemical or chemical depleted <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Immerse tube or replenish. 4. Metering tip too small <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Install larger metering tip. 5. No metering tip installed or metering tip too large <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Install smaller metering tip. 6. Discharge hose kinked or wrong size <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ See requirements. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 7. Chemical strainer or metering tip partially blocked <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Clean or replace chemical strainer and/or metering tip. 8. Chemical valve stuck or failed <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Clean or replace. 9. Vacuum leak in chemical pick-up connections <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Tighten the connection. 10. Chemical tube stretched out where tube slides over metering tip holder or pin hole/cut in chemical tube (sucking air in) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Cut off end of tube or replace tube. 11. Hard water scale or chemical build-up may have formed in the body causing poor or no chemical pick-up <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Follow Preventive Maintenance instructions below, using hot water and/or descaling acid. When there is no draw at all carefully remove fittings and soak entire body in descaling acid. 12. Optional trigger gun or discharge ball valve not completely open (select models only) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Completely depress trigger/open ball valve

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE: When the unit will be out of service for extended periods, place chemical tube(s) in water and flush the chemical out of the unit to help prevent chemical from drying out and causing build-up. Periodically check and clean chemical strainer and replace if missing.

