Lafferty Equipment Manufacturing, LLC Installation & Operation Instructions

Model # BLU42 · Ultimate Wash System 2

REQUIREMENTS	
Chemical Concentrate	
Water	
Temperature	up to 160°F
Pressure	40 - 125 PSI
Flow	2.3 GPM @ 40 PSI
Supply Line	1/2" ID
Hose	
Discharge	1/2" ID x 10'
Nozzle	
Shampoo/Conditioner and Rinse	5-Hole Nozzle

OPTIONS	
Stainless Steel Hose Racks	
Small Stainless Steel Hose Rack	# 224145
Safe Flow Lid™ for 1 Gallon Jugs	
Lid, Suction Tube, and Strainer	# 709101
Optional Foam Wand for Rich, Clinging Foam	
Airless Foam Wand	# BLUE-528
Alternate Check Valve - EPDM Standard	
Check Valve, Chemical, PP/Viton, 1/4"	# 491315

Stainless Steel Jug Racks Available





www.laffertyequipment.com 501-851-2820

WARNING! READ ALL
INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE
USING EQUIPMENT!

OVERVIEW

The Blue Mule Ultimate Wash System 2 is a wash & rinse system for applying 2 animal grooming products and rinsing through the same hose. This venturi injection system draws concentrated product from any sized container, mixes it with water and projects the accurately diluted solution through the fur-penetrating 5-hole nozzle. Use the ball valves to switch between products and simply close the chemical ball valve and open the rinse valve to spray fresh water. The Ultimate Wash System 2 is designed for animal bathing, but has countless other applications. This heavy-duty and easy-to-use system will outperform and outlast the competition through superior design and materials.

SAFETY & OPERATIONAL PRECAUTIONS

- When connecting to a potable water supply follow all local codes for backflow prevention.
- For proper performance do NOT modify, substitute nozzle, hose diameter or length.
- Manufacturer assumes no liability for the use or misuse of this unit.
- Wear protective clothing, gloves and eye wear when working with chemicals.
- Always direct the discharge away from people and electrical devices.
- Follow the chemical manufacturer's safe handling instructions.
- NEVER mix chemicals without first consulting chemical manufacturer.

TO INSTALL (REFER TO DIAGRAM ON NEXT PAGE)

If you are connecting to a potable water supply follow all local codes for backflow prevention.

- 1. Mount the unit to a suitable surface above the chemical supply to prevent siphoning.
- 2. Connect hose(s) as shown in the diagram.
- 3. Flush any new plumbing of debris before connecting water.
- 4. Connect water supply. Install a water filter if water piping is older or has known contaminants.

Set the chemical dilution ratio by threading one of the color coded metering tips into each chemical check valve. See chemical labels for dilution ratio recommendation or consult your chemical supplier.

- For the strongest dilution ratio do NOT install a colored metering tip.
- The dilution ratios in the metering tip chart are based on water thin chemicals with a viscosity of 1CPS.
- Thicker chemicals will require a larger tip than the ratios shown in the chart.
- Application results will ultimately determine final tip color.
- Select the tip color that is closest to your desired chemical strength and thread it into the tip holder. DO NOT OVER-TIGHTEN.
- Push the chemical tube over the check valve barb and place the suction tube in the chemical concentrate.
- If necessary, cut suction tube(s) to length before attaching suction strainer.

TO OPERATE

TO APPLY SHAMPOO & CONDITIONER

- CAUTION NEVER OPEN THE INLET VALVES WITHOUT HOLDING THE NOZZLE FIRMLY! Open only one inlet ball valve at a time.
- 1. With the 5-hole nozzle in your hand:
- 2. <u>Completely</u> open the desired product ball valve then open the corresponding spray ball valve to begin applying the product
- 3. Make final metering tip adjustments based on what product is being used and the "cleaning" results. Install a larger metering tip if necessary.
- 4. When finished applying close the Spray and the Shampoo ball valves.
- 5. Repeat steps 1-3 for the conditioner or other shampoo.
- 6. When finished, ALWAYS close all of the ball valves.

TO RINSE

- A gentle rinsing can be done by partially opening/closing the rinse valve for small animals or animals with sensitive skin.
- 1. With the 5-hole nozzle in your hand
- 2. Open the rinse ball valve on the unit and adjust the pressure to suit by partially opening/closing the valve.
- 3. When finished rinsing close the rinse ball valve.

FOAM WAND: If using the *optional* Airless Foam Wand, replace the 5-hole nozzle with the Airless Foam Wand to project foamy lather. Foaming typically uses less product than spraying because you will not need to run the system during the entire bath. You can rinse using the Airless Foam Wand, but the output pressure will be greatly reduced compared to the 5-Hole Nozzle. The chemical product must have foaming properties in order to produce foam using the Airless Foam Wand

CHEMICAL COMPATIBILITY NOTE: The check valves on this unit are EPDM, which is compatible with a wide range of shampoos, conditioners, and other detergents. Some oil based or citrus scented products may be chemically incompatible with EPDM and cause the internal components to swell and stop drawing chemical. If this occurs, please contact us to discuss alternate check valve materials.

METERING TIP SELECTION				
METERING TIP COLOR	OZ/MIN	DILUTION RATIO @ 40 PSI		
		SPRAY	RINSE	
Brown	0.56	526:1	_	
Clear	0.88	335:1	_	
Bright Purple	1.38	213:1	_	
White	2.15	137:1	_	
Pink	2.93	100:1	_	
Corn Yellow	3.84	77:1	_	
Dark Green	4.88	60:1	_	
Orange	5.77	51:1	_	
Gray	6.01	49:1	_	
Light Green	7.01	42:1	_	
Med. Green	8.06	37:1	_	
Clear Pink	9.43	31:1	_	
Yellow Green	11.50	26:1	_	
Burgundy	11.93	25:1	_	
Pale Pink	13.87	21:1	_	
Light Blue	15.14	19:1	_	
Dark Purple	17.88	16:1	_	
Navy Blue	25.36	12:1	_	
Clear Aqua	28.60	10:1		
Black	50.00	_	_	
No Tip Ratio Up To:	•	7:1	_	
			_	

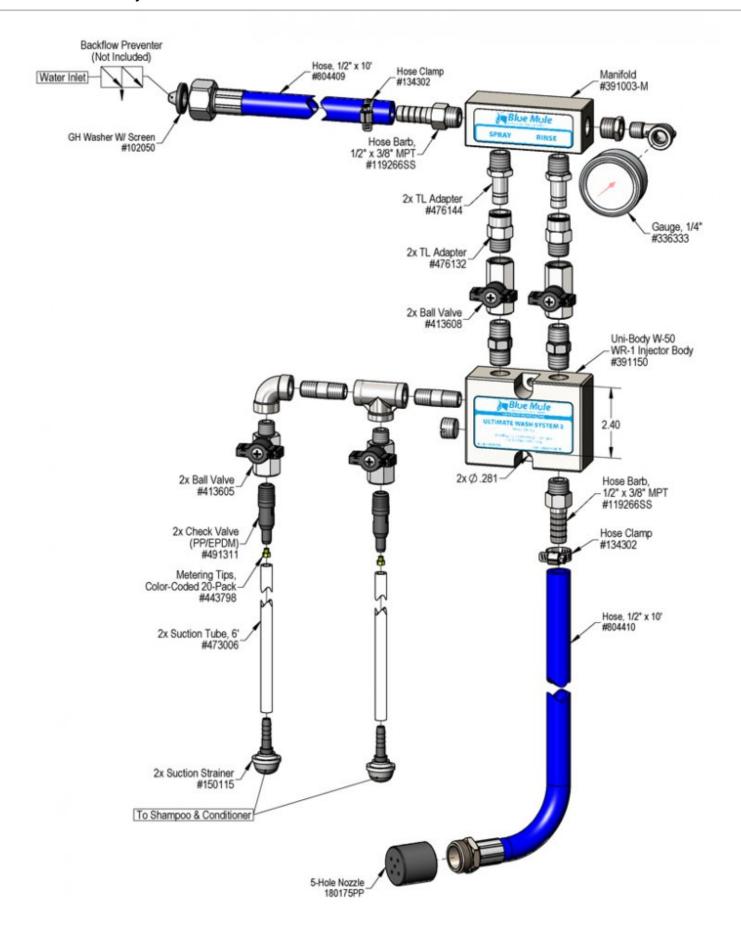
The dilution ratios above are approximate values. Due to chemical viscosity, actual dilution ratios may vary.

FORMULA

GPM × 128 ÷ Desired Dilution Ratio = oz/min

- See Unit Flow Rates chart for GPM
- Use 20 for 20:1 dilution ratio, 30 for 30:1, etc.
- Match calculated ounces per minute (oz/min) to nearest oz/min in Metering Tip Selection chart.

UNIT FLOW RATES				
PSI	GPM			
PSI	SPRAY	RINSE		
35	2.15	4.68		
40	2.30	5.00		
50	2.57	5.59		
60	2.82	6.12		
70	3.04	6.61		
80	3.25	7.07		
90	3.45	7.50		
100	3.64	7.91		
110	3.81	8.29		
120	3.98	8.66		
125	4.07	8.84		



Troubleshooting Guide

Problem	Possible Cause / Solution		
	Startup	Maintenance	
A) Unit will not draw chemical	1, 4, 5, 6, 7	8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13	
B) Dilution too weak	2, 4, 5	8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13	
C) Dilution too strong	3		
D) Water backing up into chemical container		8	

Possible Cause / Solution			
Startup	Maintenance		
 Inlet ball valve not completely open or both inlet valves are open Completely open one inlet and the discharge ball valve. Not enough chemical - metering tip too small Install larger metering tip. No metering tip installed or metering tip too large Install smaller metering tip. Chemical tube not immersed in chemical or chemical 	8. Discharge valve left closed with inlet valves open - chemical check valve stuck or failed Clean or replace check valve. Close inlet ball valves when not in use. 9. Chemical strainer or metering tip partially blocked Clean or replace chemical strainer and/or metering tip. 10. Chemical tube stretched out or pin hole/cut in chemical tube		
depleted • Immerse tube or replenish.	 Cut off end of tube or replace tube. 11. Vacuum leak in chemical pick-up connections Tighten the connection. 		
 5. Discharge hose too long or wrong size or kinked Straighten the hose or replace hose. 6. Nozzle size too small (SEE REQUIREMENTS) 	Water strainer clogged or missing/injector inlet orifice clogged		
7. Water pressure or water volume too low/inlet piping too small causing poor chemical pick up o Increase water pressure or water volume (see requirements)	 Clean or replace strainer; check/clean inlet orifice for obstructions. DO NOT DRILL OUT. 13. Chemical build-up may have formed in the injector body causing poor or no chemical pick-up Follow Preventive Maintenance instructions below, using hot water and/or de-scaling acid. When there is no draw at all, carefully remove fittings and soak entire injector body in de-scaling acid. 		

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE: When the unit will be out of service for extended periods, place chemical tube(s) in water and flush the chemical out of the unit to help prevent chemical from drying out and causing build-up. Periodically check and clean chemical strainer and replace if missing.

